

Cyber risk management on board ships

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What is cyber risk management?

- **Cyber risk management** means the process of identifying, analysing, assessing, and communicating a cyber-related risk and accepting, avoiding, transferring, or mitigating it to an acceptable level; taking into consideration the costs and benefits of actions taken by stakeholders.



Guidelines widely accepted by shipowners, classification societies, and IMO

Operational technology (OT) includes devices, sensors, software and associated networking that monitor and control onboard systems.

Cyber attack has the potential to stop the operation of the ship

Different risk exposures



**RISK
ASSESSMENT**

*From senior management
to onboard personnel*



RISK ASSESSMENT

Visitors and plug in devices

Technicians
Pilots

Port officials
Terminal
representatives

Agents
Vendors

Balancing cyber risk

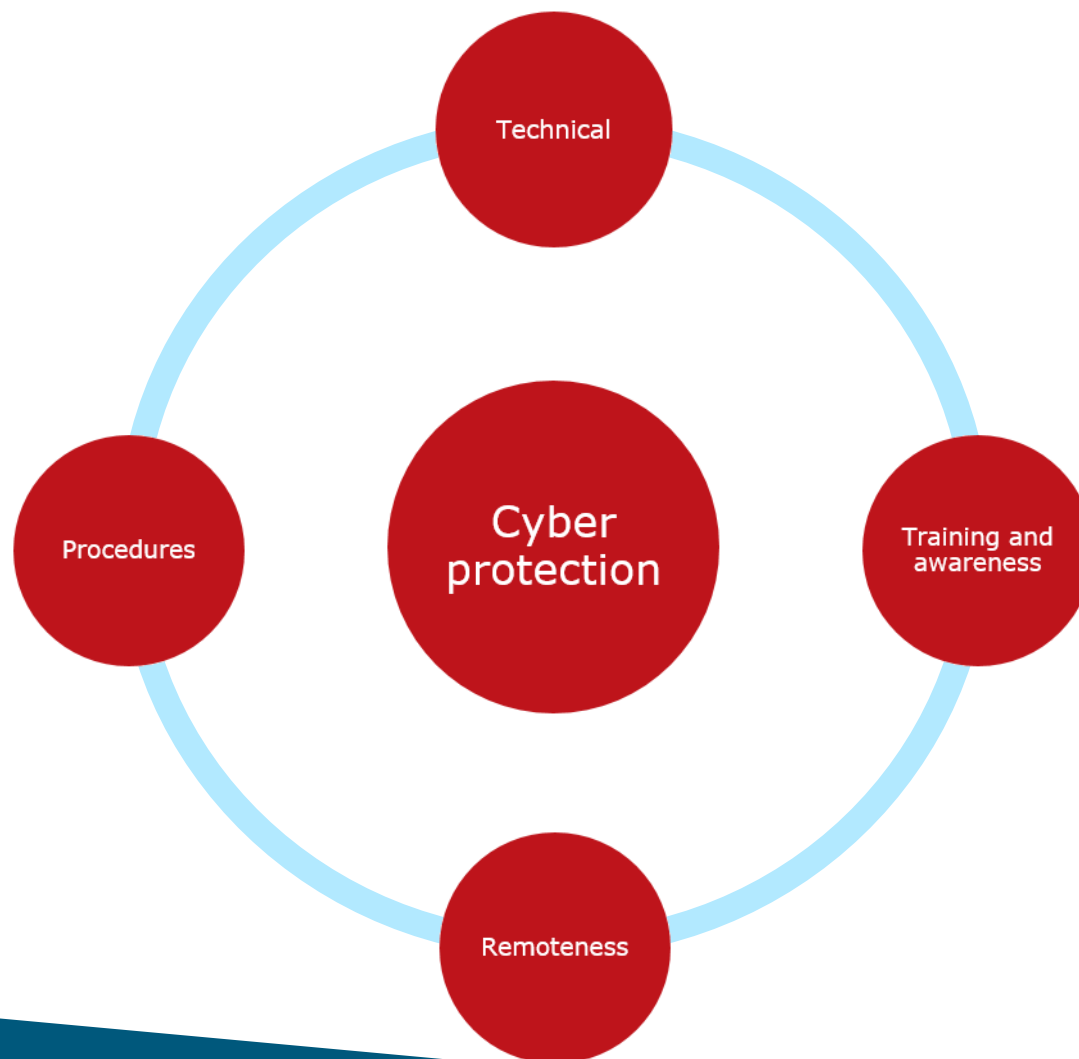
Shipowners, ports,
and agents are
being hit by cyber
incidents every
day



Too stringent mitigation
of cyber risks can
obstruct your normal
ways of doing business

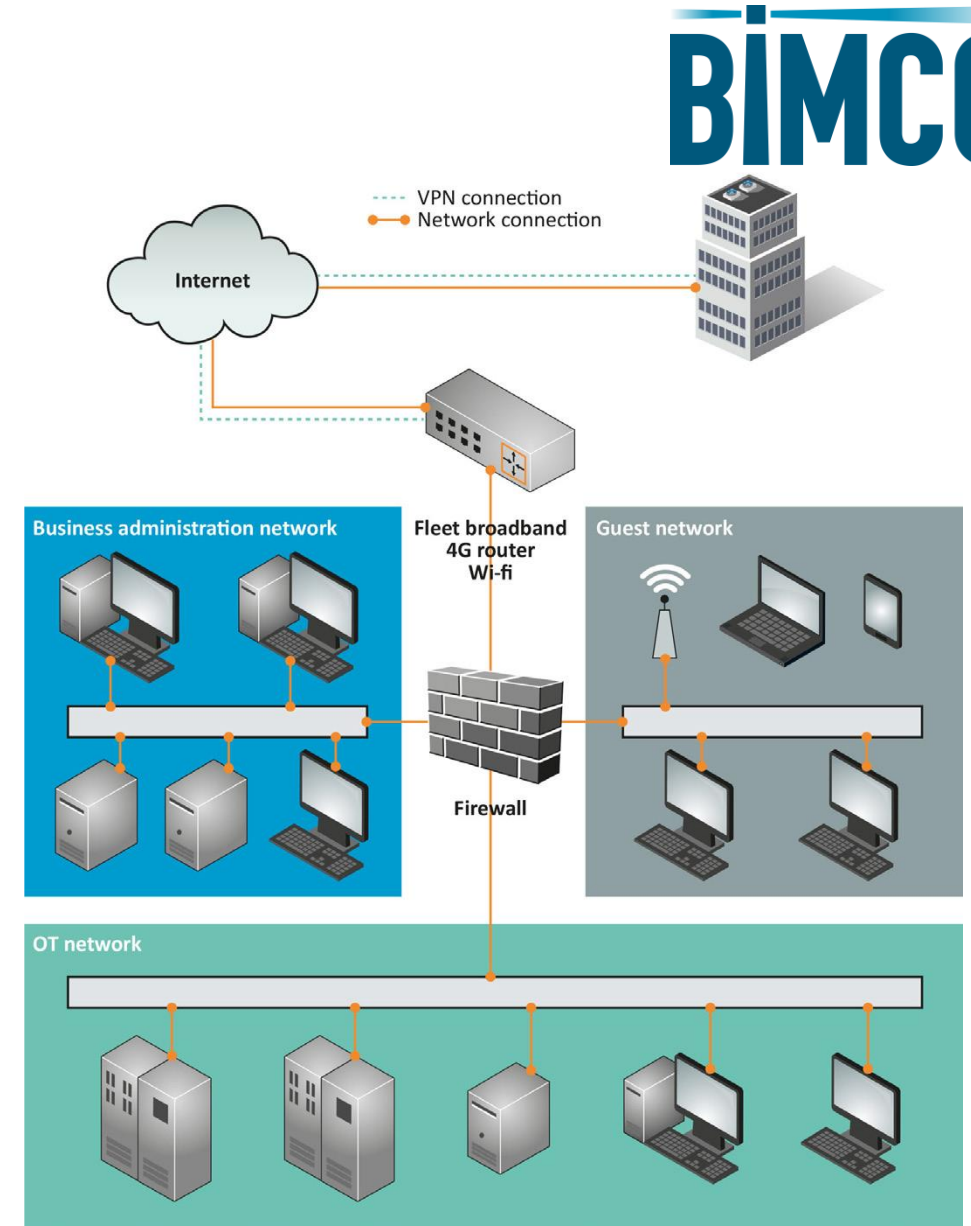
In a business
environment you
cannot protect
yourself a 100 per cent
from cyber risks

Ways to protect



Technical

- Cyber resilient Hardware
 - Ships needs to be built to cyber standards eg. Networks, PLCs (IACS cyber panel)
- Software with cyber thinking



Training and awareness

- Easy guidance on low hanging fruits
- KVH Videotel security training programme produced in association BIMCO
- Consideration to include in a BIMCO standard contracts



IMO decision

- The ISM Code is the natural regulatory framework for cyber risk assessments
 - it already include assessment of identified risks to ships, personnel and the environment
- Existing contingency plans may be used
 - Even if the ship is cyber compromised
- Ensure that cyber risks are appropriately addressed in Safety Management Systems
 - No later than the first annual verification of the Document of Compliance after 1 January 2021 (audit and PSC from 2022)



Implementation of IMO's decision

- The SMS is an open system and should contain information on how cyber risk management is implemented
- Concentrate on contingency and how to respond to a cyber incident

- The SSP may include specific sensitive information regarding IT and OT systems
- Recovery plans and arrangements for data back-up should be kept here for confidentiality

Conclusions

- Continue to build awareness – industry to learn from incidents
- Implementation of the industry cyber guidelines
- Commercial cyber security considerations – BIMCO contracts
- Ships should be built with cyber secure networks/components, and use contemporary software (IACS cyber panel)
- Equipment and systems should be maintained in a cyber secure way
- Implementation in the SMS and ISPS



Thank you!

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