

# What is your biggest concern with crew safety and health in relation to your claim records?









### Distinguishing Sleepiness from Fatigue

### Short-term Sleepiness

VS

### Longer-term Fatigue

- ☐ Healthy individuals
- □Rapid onset
- □Short duration
- ☐Single cause
- ☐Short-term effect on daily activities

- May cause health disorders (physical and mental)
- ☐ Insidious onset
- Persists over time
- Multi-factor causes
- Significantly affects behaviour and wellbeing

### Chronic health effects of fatigue

- Sleeping disorders
  - Insomnia
  - Sleep apnoea/hypopnoea
  - Delayed/advanced sleep phase syndrom
- Cardiovascular disorders
  - Myocardial infarction
  - Stroke
  - Hypertension
- Metabolic disorders
  - Metabolic syndrome
  - Hyperlipemia
  - Diabetes
  - Obesity
- Gastrointestinal disorders
  - Peptic ulcer
  - Irritable bowel syndrome
- Common infections
- Mental disorders
  - Depression
- Cancer
- Multiple sclerosis



Source: "Risk factors for Fatigue in seafarers" (In press: Maritime Psychology, Springer)
Jepsen, J.R., Zhao,Z., Pekcan, C.H.
Barnett, M.L. van Leeuwen, W..









### The Partners:

The Stress Research Institute













International Ship Managers' Association Promoting Excellence In Ship Management

### MARTHA: The Research Plan – Europe\*

2014

2015 - 2016

#### **Surveys**

Questionnaires distributed to 4 companies: Total: nearly 1000 questionnaires

Interviews with seafarers and managers in both China and Europe

#### Study 1 (2014):

Observation study of Masters and selected crew for a tour of duty (3-4 months)

- KSS and MFI readings, sleep and stress levels through weekly diaries
- Actiwatches
- Hours of work and voyage data

#### Study 2 (2015):

Repeat of Study 1 on European vessels

Analysis of results of 110 seafarers of different ranks

FRMS workshops, and developing fatigue training, prediction and reporting interventions

#### **Analysis**

Analysis of results from Study 1 and 2

Development and dissemination of findings

Final reports and publications

\* Interviews, questionnaires and Study 1 conducted in both Europe and China, but Study 2 only with European companies

Interviews with seafarers and managers

#### EUROPE

	Company "A"	Company "B"	TOTALS
Questionnaires	314	140	454
Interviews	5	9	14

#### CHINA

	Company "D"	Company "T"	TOTALS
Questionnaires		253	483
Interviews	20	17	37

TOTAL = 937 questionnaires and 51 in-depth interviews

### A comparison of age and experience levels between European and Chinese seafarers.

	Companies	Age	Av years at sea
Europe	"B"	39	14.6
	"A"	38	13.1
China	"D"	33	7.5
	"T"	36	9.3

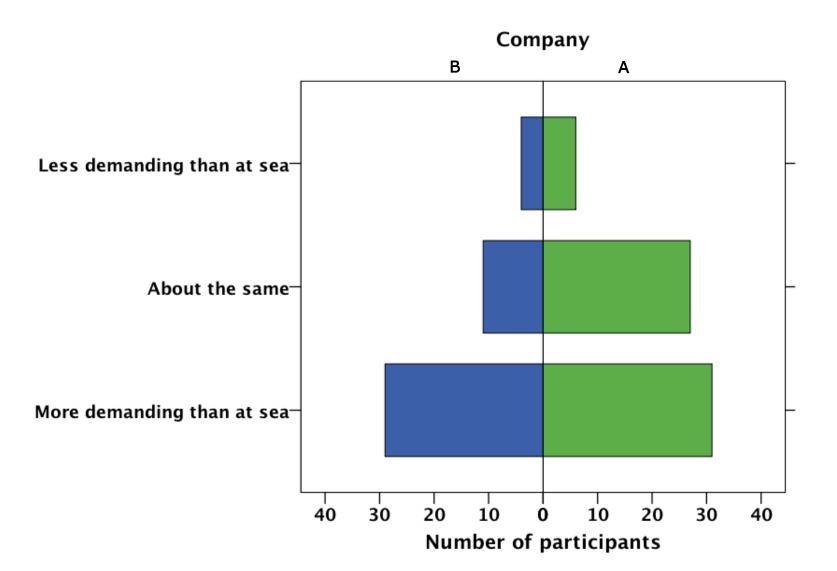
### A comparison of perceptions of sleepiness, quality of sleep and stress between European and Chinese seafarers.

	Cmpny's	Sleepiness at work	Quality of sleep	Stress at work
Europe	"B"	1.5	0.94	0.66
	"A"	1.3	0.92	0.75
China	"D"	1.9	1.3	1.5
	"T"	1.6 ESENTATION TITLE - GO HEADER 8	1.2	1.3

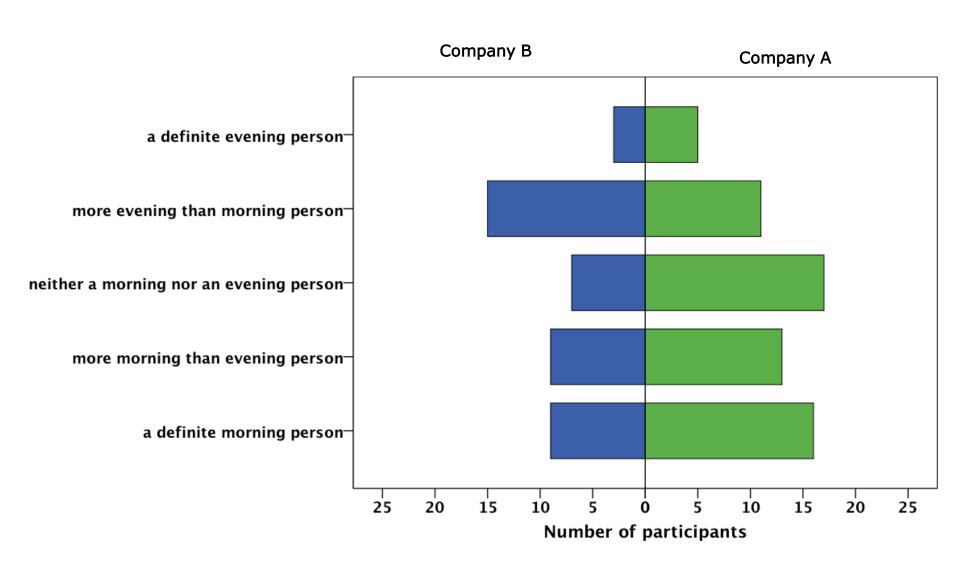
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### Workload whilst in port



### Circadian type





### What have we learned?

## Some results from the analysis of Weekly Diaries and Actigraphy\*

\*With acknowledgements to Dr Anne P Hillstrom

and Gemma Hanson of

University of Southampton, Centre for Vision and Cognition

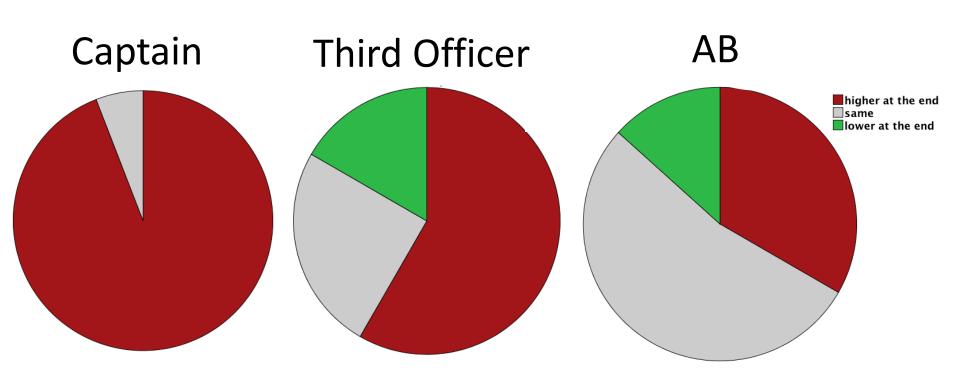


## Who on board suffers most from fatigue?



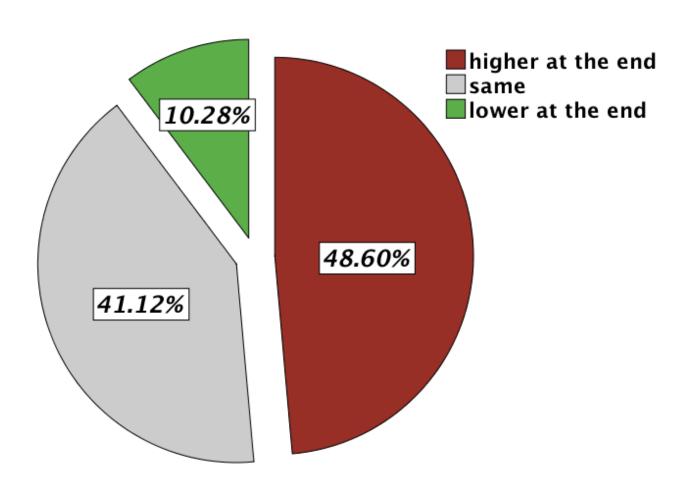
## Fatigue: is it higher or lower at the end of a voyage?

A closer look at the 3 ranks (Third officer, Captain, AB) for which there is the highest number(i.e.: n>10)



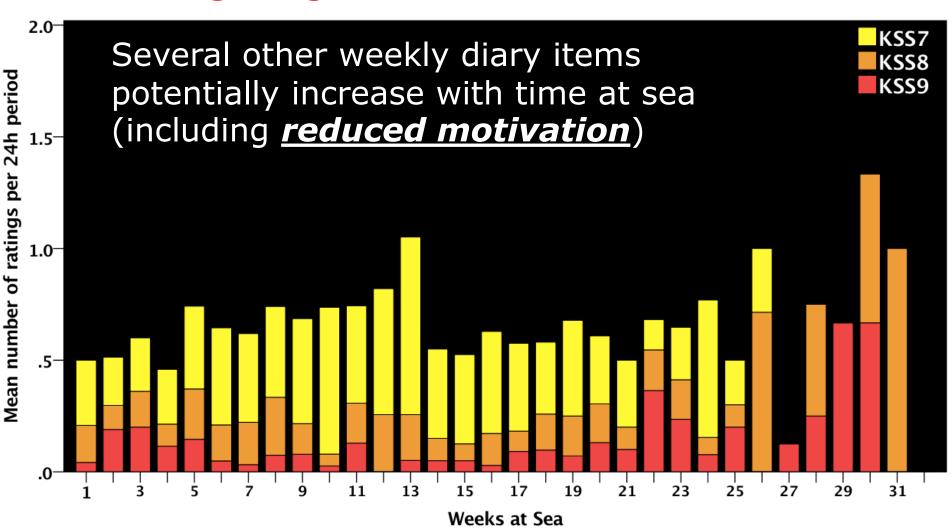
## Is Stress higher or lower at the end of a voyage?





### **Sleepiness and Fatigue:**

High levels of sleepiness at all times and increasing fatigue



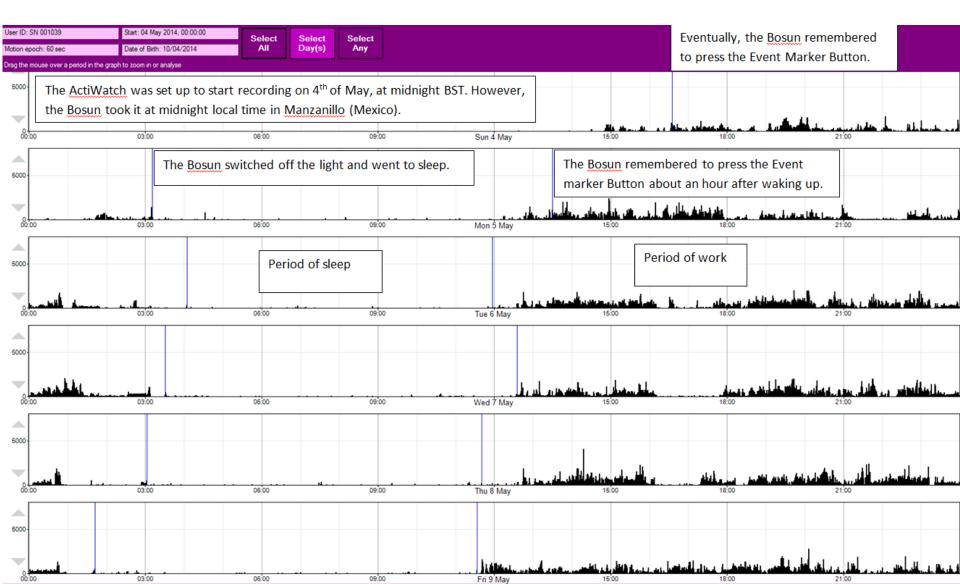
### Actigraphy and Amount of Sleep





### Example of Actiwatch data: A Bosun on Day work

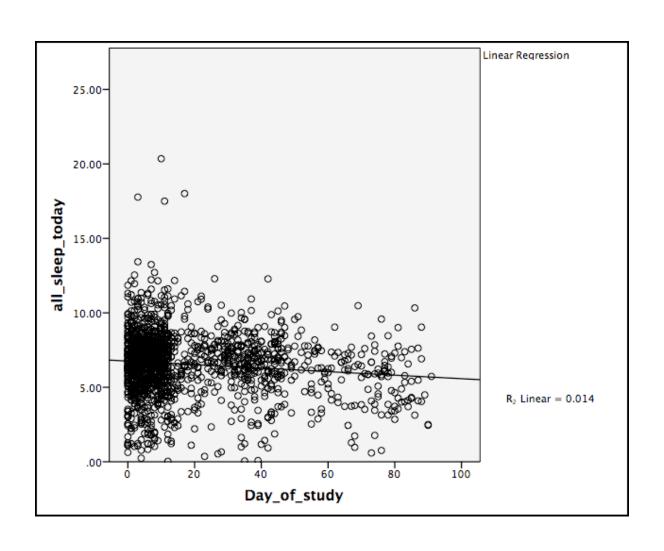




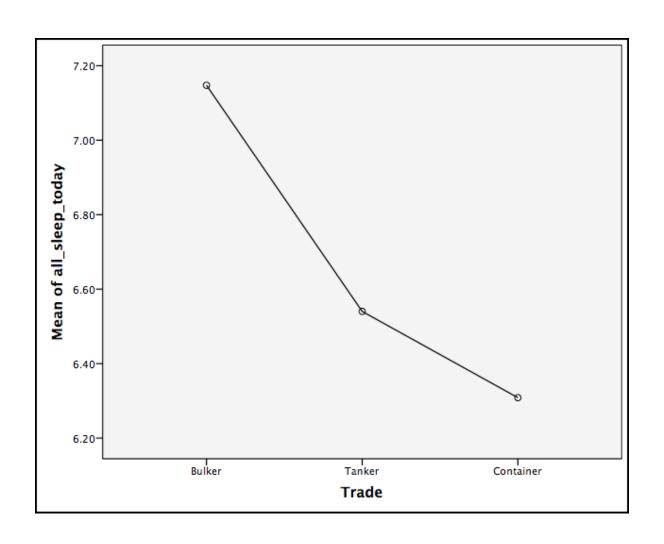
## Actigraphy: Example of a Master – disturbed sleep? Stockholm University



### Amount of Sleep over the Voyage



### Average Amount of Sleep by Trade

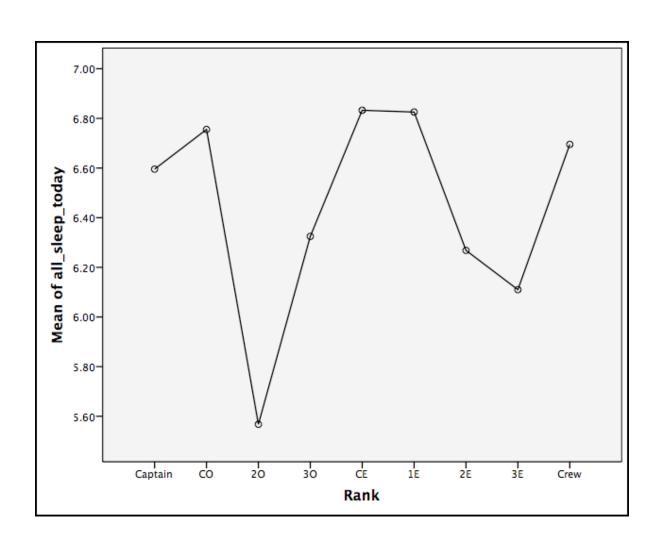




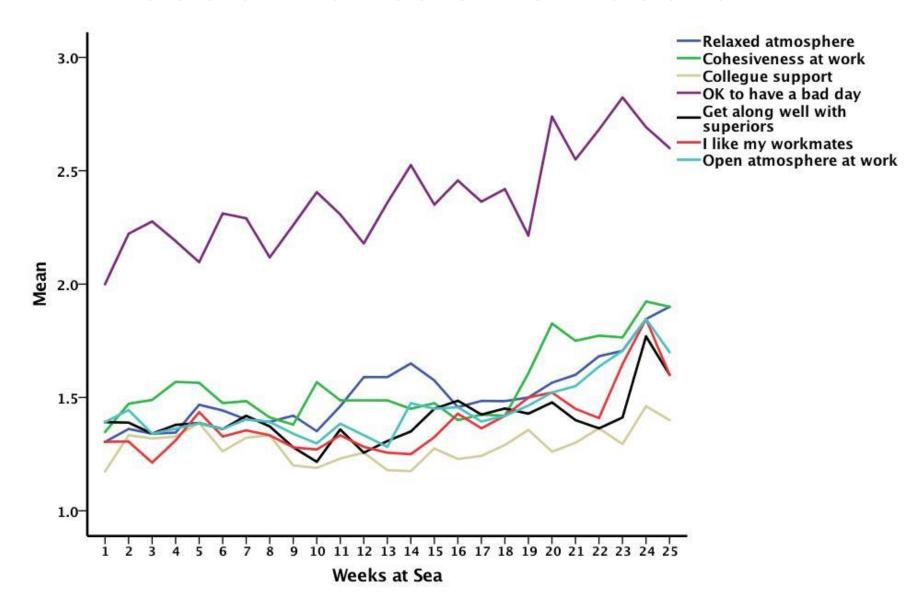
### Who on board suffers most from lack of sleep?



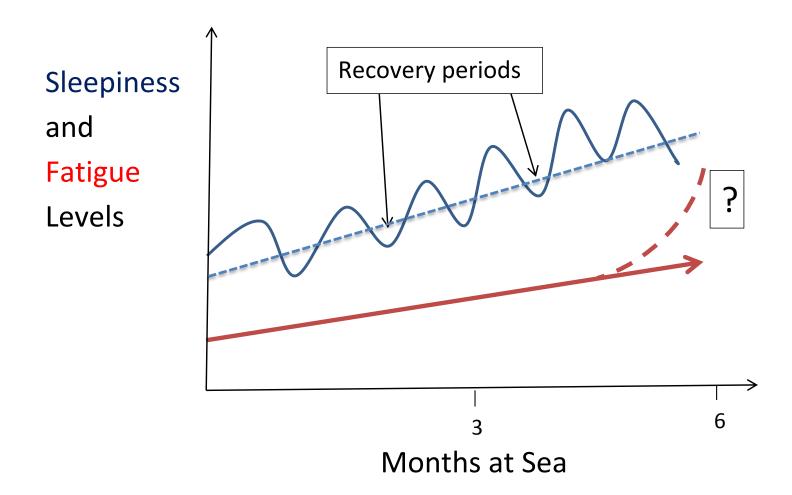
### Average Amount of Sleep by Rank



### Social Cohesion on board



### A Summary of the MARTHA Findings



#### **HIGH SEAS:**

## Monitoring the Physical and Mental Health of Crew at a distance



- Shore-based team of health care professionals
- Data of individuals from wearable technologies
- Transmitted continually from ship to shore
- Monitoring physical and mental variables
- Confidential and ethical